

4월 8일 시행 국가직 영어 복원 문제

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1. 다음 우리말을 영어로 가장 잘 옮긴 것은?

5세미만 9백만 명의 아이들은 적어도 한명의 흡연자가 있는 집에 산다.

- ① Nine million children below 5 live in homes with one smokes.
- ② Nine million children above 5 live in home at least one smokes.
- ③ Nine million children of the age of 5 live in homes where both parents smoke.
- ④ Nine million children under 5 live in homes where at least one person smokes.

2. 다음 우리말을 영어로 옮기는 경우, 적절하지 않은 것은?

내가 집을 나오자마자, 비가 몹시 내리기 시작했다.

- ① The moment I left home, it began to rain heavily.
- ② No sooner had I left home than it began to rain heavily.
- ③ As soon as I left home, it began to rain heavily.
- ④ I never left home without beginning to rain heavily.

3. 다음 밑줄 친 단어와 의미가 같은 것을 고르시오.

If you have an unhealthy penchant for salt, it may not be solely your fault. Mom may have to share some of the blame. Or so suggest a small but intriguing body of research.

- ① ornament ② ailment
- ③ treatment ④ liking

4. 밑줄 친 jeopardized와 같은 뜻은?

Once pregnant, women face an uncomfortable reality: The stigma of unwed motherhood is greater than that of having an abortion. Students are often forced to drop out of school. Working women can find their careers jeopardized.

- ① increased ② destroyed
- ③ endangered ④ revealed

5. This attitude has continued to be the prevalent idea about love in spite of overwhelming evidence _____

- ① in vain
- ② in addition
- ③ by and large
- ④ to the contrary

6. 다음 각 글을 읽고 밑줄 친 곳에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오

Wildlife officials would introduce five bears to the Bitterroot Mountains each year for five consecutive years, starting in 2002. They anticipate that the grizzly population, with its slow reproductive cycle, would take more than 100 years to reach the projected goal of about 300 bears.

Wildlife officials have a plan_____.

- ① to live with five bears in the Bitterroot Mountains.
- ② to observe the grizzlies' behavior in a wild state.
- ③ to set bears free to increase their population.
- ④ to reproduce bears in an extremely controlled situation.

문법 2문제와 빈칸에 공통적으로 들어갈 속어 1문제는 문제의 복원이 불완전하여 제외된 점 아쉽게 생각합니다.

문 10.

The Hawthorn experiment was conducted in the late 1920s and early 1930s. The management of Western Electric's Hawthorn plant, located near Chicago, wanted to find out if environmental factors, such as lighting, could affect workers' productivity and morale. A team of social scientists experimented with a small group of employees who were set apart from their coworkers. The environmental conditions of this group's work area were controlled, and the subjects themselves were closely observed. To the great surprise of the researchers, the productivity of these workers increased in response to any change in their environmental conditions. The rate of work increased even when the change (such as sharp increase in the level of light in the workplace) seemed unlikely to have such an effect. It was concluded that the presence of the observers had caused the workers in the experimental group to feel special. As a result, the employees came to know and trust one another, and they developed a strong belief in the importance of their job. The researchers believed that this, not the changes in the work environment, accounted for the increased productivity.

⇒The Hawthorn experiment suggests that _____.

- ① social scientists are good workers
- ② workers' attitudes are more important than their environment
- ③ even those Hawthorn workers who were not in the experiment improved their productivity

- ④ productivity in electric plants tends to be low

문11.

I do not mean to suggest that we should seek to eliminate fear altogether from human life. Were this humanly possible, it would not be practically _____.

Fear is the elemental alarm system of the human organism which warns of approaching dangers and without which man could not have survived in either the primitive or modern world. Fear, moreover, is a powerfully creative force.

- ① desirable ② repentable
③ lamentable ④ potential

문12.

In 1966, Edward Hall compared the nature of culture to an iceberg. You can see a part of an iceberg, but most of the iceberg is below the water and cannot be seen. _____, most aspects of culture are not visible. These invisible aspects are things which we are familiar with but don't usually think about or question.

- ① Nevertheless ② Similarly
③ In contrast ④ After all

※ 다음 각 글의 제목으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.(13~14)

문13.

The economic struggle in America continues; but it seems apparent that the struggle is no longer between the giant segments of our society, but within them. Battles for power and control are being fought within some of the large corporations, enlivened by wars in which the big prizes are stockholders' votes or proxies. Similarly, struggles for power are taking place within the large labor organizations. In each case public opinion seems to be playing an increasingly important part, judging by the dramatic efforts being made to inform the people about the partisan positions. And so long as the battleground involves public favor, moderation seems neither implausible nor unnatural.

- ① A compromise in disputes between labor and capital
② The importance of votes and proxies
③ Public influence in internal industrial conflicts
④ The importance of moderation in labor-management disputes

문 17. 아래 글의 밑줄 친 곳에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 것은?

When it comes to American presidential elections, blue blood _____. So say British researchers who predict Democratic challenger will oust President Bush on Nov. 2 simply because he boasts more royal connections than his Republican rival. After months of research of Kerry's ancestry, Burke's Peerage, experts on British aristocracy, reported on Monday that the Vietnam War veteran is related to all the royal houses of Europe. "Because of the fact that every presidential candidate with the most royal genes and chromosomes has always won the November presidential election, the coming election – based on 42 previous elections – will go to John Kerry." Similar research carried out on Bush ahead of the 2000 presidential race showed that he beat Al Gore in the royal stakes, claiming kinship with Britain's Queen Elizabeth as well as with King Henry III and Charles II of England.

- ① is to be made little of
- ② counts
- ③ can have a positive effect on Bush
- ④ fails the Vietnam War veteran

문 18. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중 의미하는 바가 나머지 셋과 다른 것은?

One superstition I can't seem to escape is the one dealing with calendars. In my family, it's bad luck to look at ① a new calendar before the start of the new year. I can't ignore this because efficient administrative assistants at work hand out new calendars in late November or early December. And some of my coworkers hang ② them up as soon as they get them. So at any time, I'm likely to walk into a colleague's space and confront ③ the offending object. If I see one, I avert my eyes. Try as I might to rid myself of ④ this superstition, I'm not willing to take any chances, either.

※ 다음 대화 중 밑줄 친 곳에 들어갈 가장 적합한 표현을 고르시오.(19~20)

문19.

A: Excuse me, I bought this radio here, and it doesn't work.
B: Do you have any receipt?
A: No. I lost it. Can I exchange the radio for another one?
B: Without your receipt, it's hard.
A: Believe me, I bought it this morning.
B: Then do you have any identification?
A: Yes, I have a driver's license, and a credit card.
B: OK. _____. All you have to do is go to the manager's office. Right over there.

- ① Your opinion doesn't stand.
- ② I couldn't help it.
- ③ All of them matter.
- ④ Either will do.

문 20.

Mary: Our student from Seoul arrived on Monday.

Bill: What's her name?

Mary: Soon-hee.

Bill: That's a pretty name! _____

Mary: She's really nice. I'm sure we'll get along well. We seem to have a lot in common.

Bill: How do you know that already? What does she like doing?

Mary: Well, she likes dancing, and so do I. And we both like listening to the same kind of music.

Bill: Oh, that's good. I can't wait to see her.

- ① What does she look like? ② What's she like?
③ How is she now? ④ What would she like to do?